## Page | 112

Chapter 11

## Flowchart

### 2.1.2 Flowchart

A flowchart is another way of breaking down a program in the form of a diagram.
The following are recognised flowchart symbols:


Write down the name of following flow chart symbols:

$\qquad$

$\qquad$

Q 11.1) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs a number
> Find out number is negative or positive
> Output "Positive" or "Negative"

Page | 113
Q 11.2) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs a number
> Find out number is even or odd (using MOD function)
> Output Even or ODD

Page | 114
Q11.3a) Write an algorithm, using flowchart only, that
> inputs three numbers
$>$ outputs the greatest number

Q 11.3b) Write an algorithm, using flowchart only, that
> inputs three numbers
> outputs the smallest number

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Page | 115
Q11.4a) Write an algorithm, using flowchart only, that
> inputs three numbers
$>$ calculate total of two greatest numbers
$>$ Output total

Q 11.4b) Write an algorithm, using flowchart only, that
> inputs three numbers
$>$ calculate total of two smallest numbers
$>$ Output total
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Page| 116
COUNTING
Counting is used to find how many items are there by incrementing by 1 during each time loop is executed.
It is sometimes necessary to count how many times something happens.
To count up or increment by 1, we can use statements such as:
Count $\leftarrow$ Count +1
(new) (old)
i.e. INCREMENT (old) Count by 1 to get (new) Count

## TOTALLING

Totalling is used to calculate running total. We can use a variable such as Total or Sum to hold the running total and assignment statements such as:

Total $\leftarrow$ Total + Number
(new) (old)
i.e. ADD Number to (old) Total to obtain (new) Total

Count-controlled (FOR) loops
Count-controlled loop is used when the number of repetition is already known.

## Example Question

a) Draw a flowchart to input 20 numbers and find the total and average of positive numbers
b) Explain how do you change your flowchart to work for 30 numbers that are between 0 and 100 .

## Page | 117

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Page | 118
Conditional Loop:
A loop which is executed on the basis of a condition.
Pre-condition (WHILE) loop in which condition is given at the start of loop and which is executed only when the condition is true, is called pre-condition loop.
Post-condition (REPEAT UNTIL) loop in which condition is given at the end of loop and which is executed only when the condition is false is called post-condition loop.
Rogue Value A value which stops input, used to terminate loop.

## Q 11.8) Draw a flowchart that

Inputs the weight of a number of parcels in kilograms.
Validate parcel (parcels weighing more than 25 kilograms are rejected).
A value of -1 stops the input.
Outputs the total weight of the parcels accepted and number of parcels rejected.
Past Paper Question of same type in Summer 2015 P21\& 23 Q 3
( C) +923002724734

Page | 119
Q11.9)Summer 2009
Study the flowchart very carefully.

(a) Complete the table to show what outputs you would expect for the two inputs. [2]

| Input N | Output T |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 |  |
| 1 |  |

(b) Write down a possible LOOP construct for the section A to B in the flowchart using pseudo code.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Page | 120
Q 11.10) Draw an algorithm using flowchart that:
> Inputs the height of children who want to ride on a rollercoaster
> Validates height children under 1.2 metres are rejected.
> When eight children have been accepted, outputs message "Ready to go" and number of children rejected.

Past Paper Question of same type in Summer 20162210,0478 P21 \&P23
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Page | 121
Q11.11a) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs 50 number
$>$ Find out number is Integer or Real (using INT function)
$>$ Count Integer and Odd Numbers
> Output how many were integer and odd

Page | 122
Q11.11b) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs a series of numbers
> Calculates their total
$>$ Stops input if a negative number is entered
> Output total.
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Page | 123
Q 11.12) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs temperature for a week (7 days)
> Outputs highest and lowest temperature

Page | 124
Q 11.13) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs marks of a class of 30 students
> Outputs how many students are pass and how many are fail
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Page | 125
Q 11.14) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs per litre price of 5 different brands of milk
> Outputs how average price per litre

Page | 126
Q 11.15) Draw a flowchart that
Inputs a batch of 10 rice sacks for weight
> Validates sacks (sacks should weigh 50 kilograms each. Sacks weighing over 50.5 kilograms or less than 49.5 kilograms are rejected.)
> Outputs number of sacks accepted and the number of sacks rejected.
Past paper flowchart for same type of question in Winter 2017 P22 Q5 March 2018 P22 (India)
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Page | 127
Q11.16) Draw a flowchart that
Inputs the weight in kilograms of a passenger stepping into a lift.
The lift can take a maximum of eight passengers or a maximum weight of 640 kilograms.
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Page | 128
$Q$ 11.17) Draw a flowchart that
> Inputs name of 10 students in a class and store them in one dimension array
$>$ Display list of names of students
Past paper flowchart for same type of question in Winter 2017 P21 Q5

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Q 11.18)Winter 2016 P22 Q 3
Following flowchart is used to convert a denary number into octal (base 8)
The flowchart below inputs an integer. The predefined function DIV gives the value of the division, for example $Z \leftarrow 11$ DIV 3 gives the value $Z=3$. The predefined function MOD gives the value of the remainder, for example $Z \leftarrow 11$ MOD 3 gives the value $Z=2$.


Complete a trace table for each of the two input values 33 and 75.
Trace table for input value 33

| $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Trace table for input value 75

| $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Q 11.19) Draw a flowchart to convert denary number into binary

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## Page | 130

Test your flowchart by completing following trace table to convert denary number 20 into binary [4]

| $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Q 11.20)Winter 2015 P23 Q 3
(a) This pseudo code inputs an integer. The predefined function DIV gives the value of the division, e.g. Y 10 DIV 3 gives the value $Y=3$. The predefined function MOD gives the value of the remainder, e.g. Y 10 MOD 3 gives the value $\mathrm{Y}=1$. gives the value $\mathrm{Y}=1$.

```
Page | 131 118
INPUT X
WHILE X > 15
    DO
    T1 \leftarrow X DIV 16
    T2 \leftarrow X MOD 16
    CASE T2 OF
        10:OUTPUT A
        11:OUTPUT B
        12:OUTPUT C
        13:OUTPUT D
        14:OUTPUT E
        15:OUTPUT F
        OTHERWISE OUTPUT T2
    ENDCASE
    X}\leftarrow\textrm{T}
ENDWHILE
CASE X OF
    10:OUTPUT A
    11:OUTPUT B
    12:OUTPUT C
    13:OUTPUT D
    14:OUTPUT E
    15:OUTPUT F
    OTHERWISE OUTPUT X
ENDCASE
```

Complete a trace table for each of the two input values 37 and 191.
Trace table for input value 37

| $X$ | T1 | T2 | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Trace table for input value 191

| X | T1 | T2 | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

(b) State the purpose of the pseudo code in part (a).
$\qquad$

Page | 132
Draw flowchart for the above pseudo code
Past paper question of same type in Winter 2015 P21 \& 22
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Q 11.20) Following flowchart is used to count digits in a number
DECLARE Count: Integer
DECLARE Num, x: Real
Count $\leftarrow 0$
INPUT Num
$\mathrm{x} \leftarrow \mathrm{PIN}$
REPEAT

$$
x \leftarrow x / 10
$$

$$
\text { Count } \leftarrow \text { Count }+1
$$

UNTIL $\mathrm{x}<1$
OUTPUT Count
Draw flowchart for the above pseudo code
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Page|134 122
Finding Output from flowchart Q 11.21)Summer 2006


Trace the flow chart using the numbers 2 and 3 . Write down each of the values of N in the order that they are printed out.
(a) 2
(b) 3

## Page | 135

Q11.22)Summer 2007
Study the following flowchart very carefully.

(a) Complete the following table showing the expected output from the flowchart for the three sets of input data: [3]

| INPUT X | OUTPUT S |
| :--- | :--- |
| 48 |  |
| 9170 |  |
| -800 |  |
|  |  |

(b) Input data needs to go through a validation process.
(i) Explain the term validation.
(c) (ii) Describe one type of validation check

## Q 11.23) Winter 2007

Majid lives in Cairo but often travels to Tokyo, Mumbai and Washington. Aflow chart has been written so he can work out the local time in these three places.

(a) What output would be produced from the following input? [2]

| Input |  |  | Output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| place | hours (H) | minutes (M) | H | M |
| Tokyo | 11 | 15 | 18 | 15 |
| Mumbai | 15 | 10 | 18 | 40 |

(b) What problem would occur if place $=$ Mumbai and $\mathrm{H}=15$ and $\mathrm{M}=30$ ?
(c) What problem would occur if place $=$ Washington and $\mathrm{H}=4$ and $\mathrm{M}=0$ ?

(a)Complete the following table for the three sets of input data.
[3]

| INPUT |  | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $V$ |  |
| 5 | 5 |  |
| 6 | -6 |  |
| 12 | 4 |  |

(b) The above algorithm has been placed in a library of routines. Give one advantage of doing this.

Page | 138
Q 11.25)Winter 2009. P11
Study the flowchart.


Complete the table to show what outputs you would expect for the three inputs. [3]

| INPUT N | OUTPUT C |
| :---: | :---: |
| 55 |  |
| 2100 |  |
| 1 |  |

Page | 139
Q 11.26) Summer 2010 P12
Study the following flowchart very carefully:


What output would you expect if the following data was input into the flowchart? [3]

| $X$ | OUTPUT |
| :--- | :--- |
| -150 |  |
| 540 |  |
| 0 |  |


[^0]:    Redraw the flowchart for part b

